

LAMBREV, S.

"Early Diagnosis and Modern Treatment of Tuberculosis of the Kidney." p. 2,  
(ZDRAVEN FRONT, no. 46, Nov. 1954, Sofiya, Bulgaria)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (ESAL), LC, Vol. 4  
No. 5, May 1955, Uncl.

LAMBREV, St.; VASILEV, Iv.

Early diagnosis and modern therapy of renal tuberculosis.  
Khirurgiia, Sofia 8 no.7:625-635 1955.

1. Vissz meditsinski Institut W.Ghervenkov, Sofiia  
Fakultetska khirurgichna klinika. Zav. katedrata: dots. G.Popov.  
(TUBERCULOSIS, RENAL,  
diag. & ther.)

LAMBREFF, Stojan

Analysis of 86 cases of renal tumors. Urol. polska no.11:69-72 1957.

1. Z Oddzialu Urologicznego w Sofii Ordynator: doc. dr St. Lambreff.  
(KIDNEYS, neoplasms  
early diag. & surg., statist. (Pol))

IAMBREV, S.

Modern views on the problem of renal tuberculosis. Suvrem. med., Sofia  
9 no.6:108-114 1958.

1. Iz Fakultetaka khirurgicheskaya klinika pri VMI-Sofiiia (Direktor: prof.  
G. Popov).  
(TUBERCULOSIS, RENAL,  
(Bul))

LAMEREV, Stoyan, dots.; ATANASOV, Nikolay, starshiy assistant

Enterocystoplasty in case of a shriveled urinary bladder following nephrectomy for tuberculosis. Urologiia, 23 no.1:67-69 Ja-F '58.  
(MIRA 11:3)

1. Iz fakul'tetskoy khirurgicheskoy kliniki vysshego meditsinskogo instituta, Sofiya (dir.-prof. Georgiy Popov)  
(TUBERCULOSIS, RENAL, surg.

nephrectomy causing shriveling of bladder, enterocystoplasty)  
(BLADDER, dis.

shriveling after nephrectomy for renal tuberc.,  
enterocystoplasty)

(INTESTINE, SMALL, surg.  
enterocystoplasty in shriveling of bladder after  
nephrectomy for renal tuberc.)

LAMBREV, St.; ATANASOV, N.; NIKOLOV, K.; VULCHANNOVA, St.

Use of the intestinal loop in plastic urological surgery. Nauch. tr.  
vissh. med. inst. Sofia 9 no.4:165-180 '59.

1. Predstavena ot prof. G. Popov, zav. Katedrata po khirurgichni  
zaboliavaniia i urologiia.

(UROGENITAL SYSTEM surg) (INTESTINE SMALL transpl)

LAMBREV, Stoyan, dots.; ATANASOV, Nikolay, starshiy assistent

Enterocystoplasty in certain diseases of the bladder. Urologia 24  
no.2:20-24 Mr-Ap '59. (MIR 12:12)

1. Iz urologicheskoy kliniki pri kafedre fakul'tetskoy khirurgii  
(dir. - prof. G. Popov) Vysshego meditsinskogo instituta v Sofii .  
(BLADDER, surgery,  
enterocystoplasty (Rus))

LAMBREV, St., dots.; ATANASOV, N.; NIKOLOV, K.

Plastic operations for the preservation of the kidney in some types  
of hydronephrosis. Khirurgiia, Sofia 14 no.7:599-607 '61.

1. Vissz meditsinski institut, Sofiia Katedra po khirurgichni  
zaboliavaniia s urologiia. Zav. katedrata prof. G. Popov.

(HYDRONEPHROSIS surg)

LAMBREV, S.; ATANASOV, N.; DOBREV, TS.

On suprapubic transvesical prostatectomy with primary suture  
of the urinary bladder. Khirurgia 15 no.5/6:477-482 '62.

1. Vissh meditsinski institut - Sofiia. Katedra po khirurgichni  
zaboliavaniia s urologiia. Direktor: prof. G. Popov.  
(PROSTATECTOMY)

LAMBREV, St.,, dotsent; SEDLOEV, Sv.; ASTRUG, A.

Renal biopsy. Khirurgiia 15 no.9/10:957-959 '62.

1. Iz katedrite po fakultetska khirurgiia i po biologichna  
terapiia pri VMI [Vissh meditsinski institut] - Sofiia.  
(KIDNEYS) (BIOPSY)

LAMEREV, St., dots.; VIKTOROV, Iv., dots.; ATANASOV, N.

On the surgical treatment of bladder tumors. Khirurgiia (Sofia)  
16 no.2:133-138 '63.

1. Vissz meditsinski institut - Sofiia Katedra po khirurgichni  
zaboliavaniia s urologia Zav. katedrata: prof. G. Popov.  
(BLADDER NEOPLASMS) (URINARY DIVERSION)

LAMBREV, St., dotsent

Early diagnosis of renal tuberculosis. Khirurgiia 15 no.11:  
1003-1006 '62.  
(TUBERCULOSIS RENAL)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000928510008-8

ANDREEV, T., dots.; KUSKOVA, S.; LAMBREV, St., dots.; TSOLOV, Ts.

Function tests, indications and results of treatment of  
prostatic adenoma. Khirurgiia 17 no.2:239-240 '64.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000928510008-8"

LAMBREV, St.

Conservative and surgical treatment of renal tuberculosis.  
Khirurgiia (Sofiia) 18 no.4:419-427 '65

1. Klinika po urologiia, Vissz meditsinski institut,Sofiia  
(direktor - dotsent St. Lambrev).

ZOLOTOV, Yu.A.; KUZ'MIN, N.M.; LAMBREV, V.G.

Extraction of inner-complex compounds in the presence of salts. Part 1:  
Extraction of hydroxyquinolines from solution having the high content  
of potassium chloride and sodium iodide. Trudy Kom. anal. khim. 15:51-58

ZOLTOV, V. A.; IANAKOV, V. V.

Extraction of inner-complexes of zinc, Zr, titanium by  
1-phenyl-3-methyl-4-penoyl-5-pyrazoline. Extraction  
of calcium. Zn, Ti, and Pb. Zn 20 mg. 60% yield. 165.

I. Institut gantsevimi i analiticheskoy khimii imeni  
Vernadskogo AN SSSR, Moscow.

ZOLOTOV, Yu.A.; LAMBREV, V.G.

Extraction of indium 8-hydroxyquinolinate. Zhur. anal. khim. 20  
no. 11:1153-1159 '65 (MIRA 19:1)

1. Institut geokhimii i analiticheskoy khimii imeni V.I. Ver-  
nadskogo AN SSSR, Moskva. Submitted November 3, 1964.

ZOLOTOV, Yu.A.; LAMBREV, V.G.; CHMILIOVA, M.K.; SIZONENKO, N.T.

Extraction of inner-complex complex of elements with  
1-phenyl-3-methyl-4-benzoyl-5-pyrazolone. DOKL. AN SSSR.  
165 no.1:117-120 N 65.

(MIRA 18:10)

1. Institut geokhimii i analiticheskoy Khimii im. V.I. Vernadskogo  
AN SSSR. Submitted March 29, 1965.

I, 23364-66 EWT(m)/EWP(j)/EWP(t) IJP(c) RM/JD

ACC NR: AP6009694

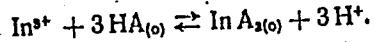
SOURCE CODE: UR/0075/65/020/011/1153/1159

AUTHOR: Zolotov, Yu. A.; Lambrev, V. G.30  
28ORG: Institute of Geochemistry and Analytical Chemistry im. V. I. Vernadskiy, AN SSSR, Moscow (Institut geokhimii i analiticheskoy khimii AN SSSR)

TITLE: Extraction of indium 8-hydroxyquinolate

SOURCE: Zhurnal analiticheskoy khimii, v. 20, no. 11, 1965, 1153-1159

TOPIC TAGS: indium compound, metal extracting, acid-base equilibrium, hydroxyl group

ABSTRACT: The extraction of indium 8-hydroxyquinolate with chloroform was studied as a function of pH at 8-hydroxyquinoline concentrations of 0.001, 0.01, and 0.05 M, the concentration of indium being  $5 \cdot 10^{-7}$  g-ion/l. 0.1 M solutions of 8-hydroxyquinoline in benzene and isoamyl alcohol were also used. The chloroform extraction was carried out by the direct and reverse methods of reaching equilibrium, and the direct method was shown to give low results probably because of hydrolysis of indium. pH values for 50% extraction of indium were determined, and the extraction constant for chloroform was found from the equation

UDC: 543.70

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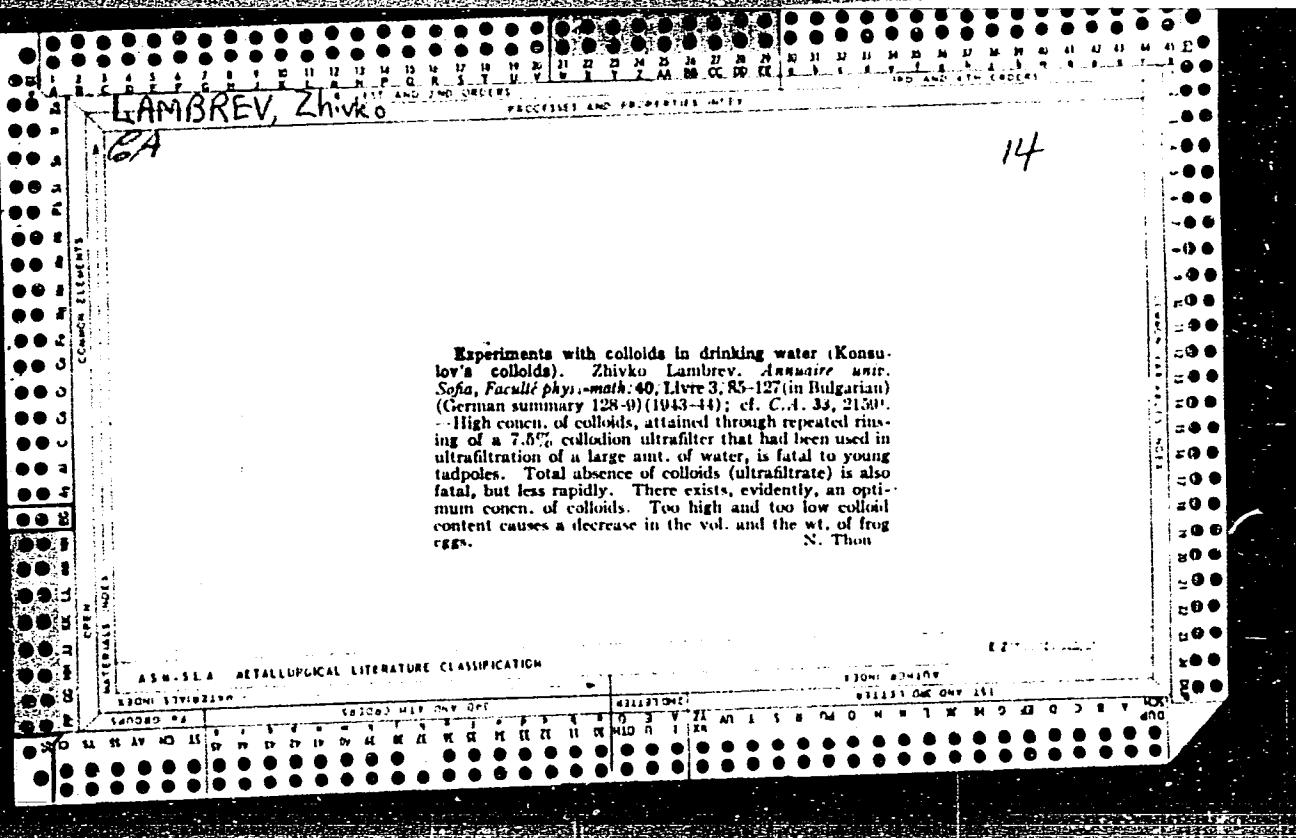
ACC NR: AP6008694

2

to be  $\log K_{ex} = 1.35 \pm 0.01$ . Other constants obtained were the distribution constant of the indium 8-hydroxyquinolinate complex in the  $\text{CHCl}_3\text{-H}_2\text{O}$  system ( $\log p_c = 3.09 \pm 0.02$ ) and the stability constants of indium complexes with 8-hydroxyquinoline ( $\log \beta_1 = 12.00$ ;  $\log \beta_2 = 23.99$ ;  $\log \beta_3 = 35.47$ ). All the constants were obtained at an ionic strength of 0.1 (perchlorate solution) and 25°C. The authors thank I. P. Alimarin and L. M. Yakimenko for their constant attention and suggestions. Orig. art. has: 5 figures, 2 tables, 8 formulas.

SUB CODE: 07/ SUBM DATE: 03Nov64/ ORIG REF: 001/ OTH REF: 011

Card 2/2 Jo



LAMBREV, ZH.

"Vitality and Its Increase." p.29 (PRIRODA, Vol. 2, No. 4, July/Aug., 1953,  
Sofiya.)

SO: Monthly List of East European Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, \_\_\_\_\_  
March 1953, Uncl.  
1954  
1953

LAMBREV, DR ZHIVKO

USSR/Medicine - Biogenic Stimulants, Nov/Dec 53  
Vitality

"Vitality and Some Methods of Increasing It,"  
Dr Zhivko Lambrev, Med Acad im I. P. Pavlov,  
Inst of Biol, Plovdiv, Bulgaria

Agrobiol, No 6(84), pp 105-109

Although the essence of "internal conflict" produced by the biogenic stimulants, increasing the vitality of the target organ or organism, cannot as yet be explained, it offers strong promise for possible application to humans. Substitution of an optimal

amt of egg-white from one egg to another forces the chicken embryo to assimilate new conditions which intensify "internal conflict" and produce a greater vitality in the chick than that observed in normal chicks. "Internal conflict" is also created when organs like liver or heart are taken from one animal and implanted into the tissues of another: if properly done and if optimal "internal conflict" is created the vitality of the latter may be greatly enhanced. Blood transfusion can be viewed as essentially an implantation operation.

276T8

LAMBREV, Zh., dots.

Grafting as a method of prolongation of life in old animals.  
Suvrem. med., Sofia 5 no.3:35-40 1954.

1. Iz Instituta po biologija pri Med. akademija I.P.Pavlov,  
Plovdiv. Direktor: dots. Zh. Lambrev.

(TRANSPLANTATION,

grafting of organs in old animals as method of prolongation  
of life)

(LIFE,

prolongation in old animals by grafting of organs)

LAMBREV, Zh.

Results of application of biogenic stimulators in the living organism. Suvrem.med., Sofia 5 no.10:13-25 1954.

1. Iz Instituta po obshcha biologija pri Med. akademija I. P. Pavlov, Plovdiv. (Zav. kat.: dots. Zh. Lambrev)  
(TISSUE THERAPY,  
prep. of biogenic stimulators in living organism)

LAMBREV, Zh., YANKOV, N., ADZHAROVA, Ye., BOCHVAROVA, T.

Antibacterial effects of certain higher fungi. Antibiotiki 3  
no.1:56-58 Ja-F'58 (MIRA 11:5)

1. Kafedra biologii pri Vysshem meditsinskem institute imeni I.P.  
Pavlova, Bolgariya Plovdiv.  
(FUNGI,

antibiotic properties of higher forms (Rus))  
(ANTIBIOTICS,  
antibiotic properties of higher fungi (Rus))

LAMBREV, Zh., ZLATAREV, Zh.

Some observation on mice exposed to lethal doses of x-rays [with summary  
in English]. Med.rad. 3 no.3:30-34 My-Je '58 (MIRA 11:7)

1. Iz kafedry biologii (zav. - prof. doktor Zh.Lambrev) i kafedry  
rentgenologii s radiologiyey (zav. - dots. K. Vlakhov) pri Vysshem  
meditsinskem institute imeni I.P. Pavlova, Plovdiv.

(ROENTGEN RAYS, inj.eff.

lethal irradiation, eff. of sex, weight & biogenetic  
stimulators in mice (Rus))

LAMBREV, Zh.; ZALATAREV, Zh.

Observations on mortality in mice irradiated by roentgen rays. Suvrem.  
med. Sofia 9 no.5:12-20 1958.

1. Iz Katedrata po biologija pri VMI I. P. Pavlov - Plovdiv (Zav. katedrata:  
prof. Zh. Lambrev). i Katedrata po rentgenologija s radiologija pri VMI  
I. P. Pavlov - Plovdiv (Zav. katedra a: dots. K. Vlakhov).

(ROENTGEN RAYS, effects,  
eff. of various factors on mortality rate in mice (Bul))

IAMBREV, Zh.; ZIATAROV, Zh.

Mortality of white mice of various ages following massive-dose x-irradiation. Suvrem. med., Sofia 9 no.8:40-45 1958.

1. Iz Katedrata po biologija pri VMI I. P. Pavlov -- Plovdiv (Zav. katedrata: prof. Zh. Lambrev) i Katedrata po rentgenologija i radiologija pri VMI I. Pavlov--Plovdiv (Zav. katedrata: dots. K. Vlakhov).

(ROENTGEN RAYS, Effects,  
mortal. in white mice, age factor (Rus))

(AGING, effects,  
on x-ray mortal. in white mice (Rus))

LAMBREV, Zhivko, prof., doktor (Bulgariya)

Vegetative hybrids of plum-shaped and peer-shaped tomatoes.  
Agrobiologija no.3:416-418 My-Je '59. (MIRA 12:9)

1. Vysshiy meditsinskiy institut imeni I.P.Pavlova, g.Flovdov.  
(Tomato breeding)

LAMBREV, Zh.; YANKOV, N.; ADZHAROVA, Ye.; BYCHVAROVA, T.

Antibacterial activity of certain plants used in popular  
medicine. Antibiotiki 4 no.3:50-54 My-Je '59. (MIRA 12:9)

1. Kafedra biologii pri Vysshem meditsinskom institute imeni  
I.P.Pavlova, Bolgariya, Plovdiv.  
(PLANTS,

antibact. eff. of plants used in popular  
med. (Rus))

LAMBREV, Zh.; IANKOV, N.; ADZHAROVA, E.; BUCHVAROVA, T.

Studies on antibacterial properties of vegetables and spices. Suvrem  
med., Sofia no.10:20-29 '60.

1. Iz Katedrata po biologija pri VMI "I.P.Pavlov" Plovdiv (Rukovod. na  
katedrata prof. Mitev)  
(VEGETABLES)  
(CONDIMENTS)

LAMBREV, Zh.; YANKOV, N.; ADZHAROVA, Ye.; BUCHVAROVA, T.

Antibacterial activity of vegetables. Vop. pit. 19 no. 6:60-64  
N-D '60. (MIRA 13:10)

1. Iz kafedry biologii Vysshego meditsinskogo instituta imeni  
I.P. Pavlova, Plovdiv, Bolgariya.  
(ANTIBIOTICS)

LAMBREV,Zh.; LANKOV, N.; BUCHVAROVA,T.; ADZHAROVA, E.; ZHELEZOVA,B.

Antibacterial action of certain Bulgarian lichens. Izv. inst. bot. BAN 10:121-129 '62.

LAMREV, Zh., prof. dr

Higher Pedagogic Institute, Plovdiv, a new hearth of education  
and science. Trud Pedag inst Plovdiv 1 no.1:5-9 '63.

Antimicrobic action of organisms, studied in the light of  
general biology. Ibid.:11-22

Antimicrobic action of Formica rufa. Ibid.:119-122

1. Rector, Higher Pedagogic Institute, Plovdiv; Editor.  
"Trudove na Visshiia Pedagogicheski Institute, Plovdiv".

LAMBREV, Zh., prof. d-r; VLAKHOV, K.; ADZHAROVA, E.; MAROVSKI, T.

Experiments in increasing radioresistance in chick embryos through small and medium doses of X rays. Trud Pedag inst Plovdiv I no.1:103-110 '63.

1. Chair of General Biology, Higher Pedagogic Institute, Plovdiv. Head:Professor Zh.Lambrev and Chair of Roentgenology and Radiology, I.P.Pavlov Higher Medical Institute, Plovdiv. Head:Prof. Dr K.Vlakhov.

LAMBREV, Zh., prof. d-r

Deformities in chick embryos irradiated once or several times with  $\gamma$  rays. Trud Pedag Inst Plovdiv 1 no.1:111-118 '63.

1. Chair of General Biology. Head: Professor Dr Zh. Lambrev.

LAMBREV, Zh., prof. d-r; DIMITROV, St.; IANKOV, N.; ADZHAROVA, Evg.;  
BUCHVAROVA, T.; KOVACHEV, Iv.

Antibiotic action in vitro of Bulgarian wild and cultivated  
plants. Trud Pedag inst Plovdiv 1 no.1:123-132 '63.

1. Chairs of General Biology at the Higher Pedagogic  
Institute, Plovdiv, and the Higher Medical Institute,  
Plovdiv. Head: Professor Dr Zh. Lambrev, and Chair of  
Botany, Higher Agricultural Institute, Plovdiv. Head: Prof.  
K. Kiriakov.

LAMBRIANIDI, Ye., inzh.

Operating experience of the Borzhom Bottling Plant. Khol.tekh.  
37 no.5:52 S-0 '60. (MIRA 13:10)  
(Borzhom--Mineral waters) (Bottling)

LAMERINO, V.

Protection against ionic radiations in different labor sections.

P. 181 (REVISTA DE CHIMIE) (Bucuresti, Rumania) Vol. 8, No. 3, Mar. 1957

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC Vol. 7, No. 5, 1958

L 18080-66 EWT(m) DIAAP

ACC NR: AP6010178

SOURCE CODE: BU/0011/65/018/008/0751/0754

AUTHOR: Lambrino, V.

ORG: Department of Toxicology, Institute of Medicine and Pharmacy, Bucharest

TITLE: Study of P sup 32 separation from radioactive biological solutions<sup>19</sup> by means of ion exchangers

SOURCE: Bulgarska akademiya na naukite. Doklady, v. 18, no. 8, 1965, 751-754

TOPIC TAGS: phosphorus, ion exchange, radiobiology, radiation chemistry, isotope

ABSTRACT: The P<sup>32</sup> separation from a 0.1  $\mu$ Curie sodium phosphate solution by means of bentonites from Baia Mare and Hunedoara has been successfully tested. The bentonites used are of the calcium containing montmorillonite type. The article describes the procedures used and presents the separation results as function of the length of contact as well as the amount of bentonite used. The new technique for the purification of biological samples used for various types of analyses may lead to a reduction of the necessary associated protective measures. This paper was presented by Academician D. Ivanoff on 28 April 1965. Orig. art. has: 3 figures and 1 table. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 07, 18 / SUBM DATE: 28Apr65 / OTH REF: 010

Card 1/1 75

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B

Z

LAMBRINO, Vladimir, conf. ing.; POPA, Simion V., conf. dr.; TANASESCU, Dumitru, lector ing.

Study on the behavior of some bentonites as active charges in batches of rubber and plastic materials. Industria usoara 11 no.10: 522-528 0 '64.

1. Chair of Sp. Toxicology of the Institute of Medicine and Pharmacy, Bucharest (for Lambrino). 2. Laboratory of General Chemistry, Faculty of Chemistry, Bucharest University (for Popa). 3. Chair of General Chemistry, Petroleum, Gas, and Geology Institute, Bucharest (for Tanasescu).

*V. Lambribo, Vl.*

Distr: 4E2c(1) <sup>15</sup>  
Recalming of old rubber with a new plasticizer, DT, having  
swelling properties. Vl. Lambribo, Monia Norsene  
and E. Varodi. *Ind. usorii* (Bucharest) 5, 50-9 (1958). A  
new plasticizer was prep'd. from the bituminous sand de-  
posits at Derna-Tătarus. The material which contains no  
cryst. paraffin, yields reclaimed rubber products having  
satisfactory mech. properties. — François Kertesz

*H*  
*2-May*  
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*JF*

LAMBRINO, V.

- ✓ The relation between chemical structure of some "active earths" and their physicochemical surface properties. P. Simion, V. Lambrino, and D. Tăndescu. *Rev. chim.* (Bucharest) 9, 246-70 (1958) (English summary).—A no. of indigenous bentonites and clays were evaluated as possible catalysts for the petroleum industry, singly and in mixts. Generally, heating these earths to 100, 200, and 300° increased their adsorptivity, as did judicious intermixing of various earths. Intermixing also resulted in improved mech. resistance to H<sub>2</sub>O. Gary *Gerrard*

LAMBRINOVA, Ekaterina, inzh.

Some peculiarities in building large chlorinators. Khidrotekh i  
melior 7 no.9:272-274 '62.

LAMBRU, F.

TECHNOLOGY

PERIODICAL: REVISTA TRANSPORTURILOR, Vol. 5, no. 11. November 1958

LAMBRU, F. High - quality repairs, an important factor in obtaining reduced fuel consumption of automobiles. p. 500

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC Vol. 8, no. 4  
April 1959, Unclass

USSR/Farm Animals. Cattle.

Q

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 17, 1958, 78724.

Author : Lorbur, E.

Inst : Estonian Agricultural Academy.

Title : Quantity and Density of the Uterine Gland in Cattle.

Orig Pub: Eesti poliumajanduse Akad. teaduslike toode kogumik,  
Sb. nauchn. tr. Est. s.-kh. akad., 1956, 2, 143-149.

Abstract: In adult fertile cows, uterine glands (UG) open on the surface of the mucous membrane with orifices of diameters 30-70  $\mu$ . Orifices of UG are scattered along the surface of the mucosa unequally: they are completely absent in the caruncles, close to which they are located more often, forming a pericaruncular zone with a width of 1-2 mm. Average quantity of UG is greatest in the entrance of the oviduct

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USSR/Farm Animals. Cattle.

Q

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 17, 1958, 78724.

into the uterus. The number of UG in the right and left horns fluctuates within wide limits; the average density of location of UG decreases in both horns in the caudal direction, but in the body of the uterus, their quantity is increased anew in a majority of cases. General quantity of UG depends on the size of the organ and, in nonpregnant cows, comprises 70,000-138,000; in heifers, 223,800-260,000; in pregnant cows 197,400-238,000. In the horn which contains the fetus, UG are greater than in the one which does not contain it, which indicates the possibility of an increase of the quantity of UG in connection with stretching

Card : 2/3

LAMBUR, Ed. Cand Vet Sci -- (diss) "On the microanatomic structure of the uterine wall in sows, and on the changes occurring in it in the course of the reproductive cycle." Tartu, 1959. 25 pp. 2 sheets of illustrations (Min of Agr ESSR. Estonian Agr Acad), 150 copies (KL, 41-59, 105)

ARENDE, U., dots.; KUBAR, H., kand. vet. nauk; LAMBUR, E., kand.  
vet. nauk; PÖLDVERE, K., kand. med. nauk; TERVER, J.,  
prof.; KRUUS, A., red.; VAHTRE, I., tehn. red.

[Laboratory manual of histology] Histoloogia praktikum.  
J.Tehveri uldtoimetusel. Tallinn, Eesti Riiklik Kirjastus,  
1963. 142 p. (MIRA 16:12)  
(Histology--Handbooks, manuals, etc.)

LAMBUTCHI, Ion

Impulse for new achievements. Constr Buc 16 nr. 740:1  
14 March 1964.

1. Secretarul comitetului sindicatului al Intrepriderii de prefabricate si elemente de constructii, Brasov.

BROMBERG, B.M.; DASHEVSKIY, T.B.; LAMDON, E.A.; LOMAKIN, V.K.;  
MIKHEYEV, Yu.Ye., inzh., retsenzent; KUNIN, P.A., inzh.,  
red.

[Diamond boring machines; their design and adjustment]  
Almazno-rastochnye stanki; konstruktsii i naladki. Mo-  
skva, Mashinostroenie, 1965. 243 p. (MIRA 18:8)

L 10111-67 FSS-2/EWT(l)/EWP(t)/EWP(m)/ETI IIP(c) DS/JD/IM  
ACC NR: AP6029881 SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/015/0043/0043

AUTHORS: Tomashevskiy, F. F.; Lamedman, E. M.; Aksel'rod, Sh. S.; Gryadinskaya, V. P.; Dubnova, A. L.; Rozovskiy, V. M.; Basharina, Yu. I.

ORG: none

TITLE: Nonlamellar negative electrode of an alkaline iron-nickel battery. Class 21,  
No. 184300 [announced by plant "Leninskaya Iskra" (Zavod "Leninskaya Iskra")]

SOURCE: Izobret prom obraz tov zn, no. 15, 1966, 43

TOPIC TAGS: electrode, battery, potassium compound, iron, nickel

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a nonlamellar negative electrode of an alkaline iron-nickel battery. After reducing the iron oxides free of impurities, the electrode contains 40--70% of metallic iron in its active volume. To simplify the technique of its preparation by eliminating the operation of fusing, the potassium base is added to iron oxides before their reduction. Specific weight of the potassium base is 1.40--1.48 g/cm<sup>3</sup>, and its amount is 0.5--5%.

SUB CODE: 10/ SUBM DATE: 10Sep65

Card 1/1 6/7

UDC: 621.355.8.035.222

VEVIOROVSKIY, I.V., dotsent (Leningrad); STREKOPYTOV, V.V., inzh.;(Leningrad);  
LAMEDMAN, E.M., inzh. (Leningrad); TOMASHEVSKIY, F.F., inzh. (Leningrad)

Use of alkaline storage batteries for diesel locomotives. Zhel,dor.  
transp.44 no.3:65-66 Mr '62. (MIRA 15:3)  
(Diesel locomotives—Equipment and supplies)

LAMEKHOV, P.N.

✓ Set-up for the preparation of catalysts. E. S. Vorob'eva  
and P. N. Lamekhov. U.S.S.R. 109,411; Dec. 26, 1957.  
The set-up comprises a rotary calcining kiln, a bath for satg.  
the carriers with the proper salt soln., and a rotary kiln for  
drying the catalysts. Between the 2 kilns is installed an  
app. for transporting the catalyst carrier from the calciner  
through the catalyst soln. to the drier. M. Hesch

Distr: 1E43

3

1

5(1)

AUTHORS:

Dobrovolskiy, S. V., Gofmeyster, K. K., Sov/64-58-8-2/19  
Lamekhoy, P. N.

TITLE:

The Production of Phthalonitrile From Phthalic Anhydride and Ammonia (Poluchenije ftalonitrila iz ftalevogo angidrida i ammiaka)

PERIODICAL:

Khimicheskaya promyshlennost', 1958, Nr 8,  
pp 458 - 463 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In recent times, the importance of phthalonitrile (I) has increased, as it represents a stage in the production of high quality phthalocyanine dye (Ref 1) and is also used as a stabilizer for aircraft oils and as an insecticide (Ref 2). Since the method of synthesis now considered most advantageous, namely the synthesis from phthalic anhydride (II) and ammonia (III), is still insufficiently developed, studies for the selection of the catalyst, optimum conditions, and the design of the apparatus were carried out. Catalysts with different acidities were tested; an aluminum silicate catalyst which can be produced by the aluminate method proved most effective.

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The Production of Phthalonitrile From Phthalic Anhydride and Ammonia

SOY/64-58-8-2/12

An examination of the chemisms of the reaction made it possible to calculate the equilibrium constants between 300 and 400° (Table). The effects of the molar ratio of components (Fig 3) as well as the pressure (Fig 5) on the phthalonitrile yield were examined at various temperatures. The temperature range of 420 ~ 460° at a molar ratio (III):(II)  $\approx$  100 was found to be most advantageous. Optimum contact time was 0.15 secs, i.e. about 300 g (II) per 1 liter catalyst per hour. Technologists M. Ya. Gishpling and M. M. Yakubson helped to transfer the process to a test apparatus. The water-cooled condensation chambers used in the Ludwigshafen I. G. plant (Ref 5) proved inadequate. (I) was separated by cooling the gases with liquid ammonia (Ref 10). Gases were returned by means of an absorption-type refrigerating machine (Ref 11). With the new technological process 25 kg per 24 hours were obtained in the test apparatus, the yield being 93-94%. Finally, the paper contains a description of the basically new nitrilation process, which is continuous, fully mechanized and automated. There are 7 figures, 1 table, and 11 references, 3 of which

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26.2/31

27942  
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D223/D304

AUTHOR: Lamekin, N.S., Senior Instructor

TITLE: Fundamentals of the theory of a liquid fuel nozzle  
with a gas generator

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Mashino-  
stroyeniye, no. 11, 1960, 103-107

TEXT: After a short review of existing theories on the atomization of liquids in nozzles, the author concludes that the breaking up of the stream may and frequently does occur inside the nozzle tube due to cavitation. This was the case in the injection nozzle of the EK(BK)-1A type engine tested by the author (Ref. 3: Kavitatsiya kak sredstvo raspylivaniya zhidkosti / Cavitation as a Means for the Atomization of a Liquid, Trudy LKVVA im. A.F. Mozhayskogo, vyp. 296, 1959). Avoiding cavitation in the nozzle tube which may be accomplished by changing the configuration of the entrance, pressure, and the discharge speed, but creating suitable conditions for the

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Fundamentals of the theory ...

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breaking up of the jet at the nozzle orifice by applying sound and supersonic oscillations, it is possible to reduce the pressure  $P_0$  in front of the nozzle. As a result of this reasoning several atomizing systems were developed and suggested by N.S. Lamekin and I.Ye. Ul'yanov for application (Ref. 6: Forsunka dlya zhidkogo topliva / Nozzle for Liquid Fuel /, (av-torskoye svidetel'stvo no. 123375), Byulleten' izobreteniy, no. 20, M., 1959). Following a discussion of the theory of a nozzle with a gas generator, the author provides a description of such nozzle (Fig. 2) which was subjected to a series of tests. Compressed nitrogen (or air) of 1 to 4 atmospheres excess pressure was fed into the nozzle generator. The resulting atomization of the liquid entering the nozzle under low pressure was as follows: at 1 atmosphere excess pressure in the generator and a liquid pressure  $P = 4 \text{ kg/cm}^2$  the mean diameter of the globules amounted to  $92 \mu\text{m}$ . When the air pressure was raised to 4 atmospheres, the mean diameter of the globules was reduced to  $87 \mu\text{m}$ . In both instances the air consumption did not exceed 5% of the maximum liquid consumption. The diameters

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Fundamentals of the theory ...

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obtained during the experiment favorably agree with computed values. Considering the low efficiency of comparable nozzles in use to-date which are marked by diameters of globules in excess of 200  $\mu$  (mk) in the case of centrifugal nozzles and an excessive air consumption (air to liquid ratio about 1:1) in the case of pneumatic nozzles, the advantages of the nozzle with a gas generator become self-evident. There are 2 figures, 4 Soviet-bloc and 2 non-Soviet-bloc references.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy aviationsionnyy institut (Moscow Aviation Institute)

SUBMITTED: June 8, 1959

W

Card 3/5

30892  
S/145/61/000/010/004/008  
D221/D304

26.2/31

AUTHOR: Lamekin, N. S., Engineer

TITLE: Method of designing the clearance of the generator for liquid fuel nozzle

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Mashino-stroyenie, no. 10, 1961, 114-123

TEXT: The gas generator is used as a source of ultrasonic vibrations for atomizing fuel in low pressure nozzles. It forms a ring chamber with a 30° edge on the air intake side. Its operation is based on the flow of an ultrasonic gas stream from the nozzle with a surplus pressure, when the stream has a periodic structure. The stream is unstable in places where pressure increases. Emden's investigations provided the empirical equation  $\Delta = kD\sqrt{P_p} - 1.9$  to determine the first unstable zone. In the above,  $\Delta$  is the length of clearance; D is the diameter of the nozzle;  $P_p$  is the air pressure in the receiver; k - 0.77 to 1.02. Other authors deduced dif-

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Method of designing ...

ferent equations. The author indicates that the expressions due to G. N. Abramovich are in better agreement with the experimental data of MAI and NASA. An analysis is made of the length of the first zone of instability by applying the theory of small excitations and small angle  $\theta$ . The calculation refers to ratios  $\frac{D-d}{D}$

equal 10 - 20%. The stream directed into the chamber of generator will cause a jump of condensation which begins to vibrate, and will move at high speeds due to surplus pressure. This surplus is produced by the outflow of gas from the resonator into the incoming stream. The drop of pressure in the resonator will then produce the reverse motion. The axially symmetrical flow in the meridional section can be regarded as a plane parallel stream, when the gas outflow through the ring nozzle with small clearance in relation to the radius takes place. A set of equations is deduced. The speed of a plane parallel flow remains constant during the expansion near the sharp edge. The author investigates the maximum error of calculation and concludes that the relative error of speed evalua-

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Method of designing ...

tion is  $|\delta| = \left| \frac{m}{m+1} \right| 100\%$ . A numerical example demonstrates that for practical purposes it is sufficiently accurate to assume that the axisymmetrical flow in the meridional section is a plane parallel stream if the air pressure is  $P_a > 2.5$  atm, and the outside air pressure is  $P_o = 1$  atm. Functional relationships between  $\Delta$  and  $\theta$  as well as  $\mu$  are plotted. The clearance  $\Delta$  is then computed according to the specified flow and pressure of gas, when  $M \geq 1$  is selected, and  $D$  as well as  $P_a$  are determined. With  $M$  and  $P_q$  the value of  $\theta$  is obtained. Finally, the ratios  $\frac{\Delta}{D-d}$  and  $\Delta$  are deduced. This is followed by a numerical example. The method described permits calculation of nozzle clearance in the generator so as to ensure a good atomization of fuel with reduced pressure at the inlet of nozzle. There are 7 figures and 11 references: 8 Soviet-bloc and 3 non-Soviet-bloc. The references to the English-language publications read as follows: D. Pack, A note on Prandtl's formula for the wave-length of a supersonic gas jet, Mech. and Appl. Math., v. 3, 1950, 2; S. Eegence, Lova and others, Experimental and theo-

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Card 3/4

Method of designing ...

30392  
S/145/61/000/010/004/008  
D221/D304

retical studies of axisymmetric free jets, Technical Report, R-6,  
NASA, 1959.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy aviatsionnyy institut (Moscow Aviation  
Institute)

SUBMITTED: May 11, 1961

X

Card 4/4

LAMEKIN, N.S.

Investigating the ultrasonic oscillator of a liquid fuel nozzle.  
Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.;av.tekh. 7 no.2:142-148 '64. (MIRA 17:9)

L 6033647 LAM (E)/EMI (1)/EMI (R)/EMI (F) 101 (C) 100/000

ACC NR: AP6033647

SOURCE CODE: UR/0145/66/000/008/0043/0049

56  
54

AUTHOR: Lamekin, N. S. (Candidate of technical sciences)

ORG: none

TITLE: Impingement of annular jets <sup>2)</sup>

SOURCE: IVUZ. Mashinostroyeniye, no. 8, 1966, 43-49

TOPIC TAGS: atomizer, fuel injection, fuel injector, combustion chamber, JET Flow

ABSTRACT: A theoretical and experimental study was made of a liquid atomizer which is based on the impingement of two annular liquid jets (see Fig. 1). The liquid enters cavity A through tube 1. Part of the liquid passes through 8 channels (2) into an annular channel B and through an annular gap a discharges to the outside. Another part of the liquid passes from cavity A through 4 channels (b) to the annular gap c and then into the chamber of the hydraulic generator 3. The gap of the generator chamber  $\Delta$  is regulated by means of screw 4 which is placed in the body of hydraulic generator 5. The length of the chamber  $l_k$  can be changed by adjusting the threaded generator connection. The impingement of the annular jets  $A_1$  and  $A_3$  resulting in jet  $A_2$  is shown in Fig. 2. The analysis yielded the following formula:

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UDC: 621.22.01

L 08567-67

ACC NR: AP6033647

$$\theta_2 = \arccos \left( \frac{a_3}{a_2} \cos \theta_3 + \frac{a_1}{a_2} \right).$$

Here, angle  $\theta_2$  is the spray cone angle, and  $a_1$ ,  $a_2$ , and  $a_3$  are thicknesses of the jet elements. Experiments were made at a liquid inlet pressure of 3.5 atm,  $\Delta = \text{const}$ , and  $l_k = \text{variable}$ . The results, given in Table 1, show that a change of  $l_k$  at constant pressure has no substantial effect on the velocity vector of the resulting jet  $A_2$  and the spray cone angle  $\theta_2$ . Droplet diameters of 180—275  $\mu$  were obtained by varying  $\Delta$  from 1.5 to 5 mm. A smaller droplet diameter is obtained when  $\Delta < a$  ( $a = \text{annular slot}$ ). Orig. art. has: 1 table, 4 figures, [WA No. 68] and 37 formulas.

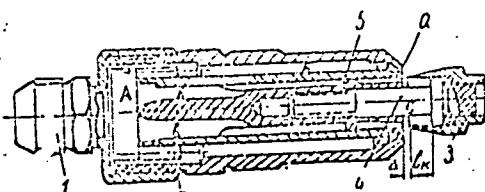


Fig. 1. Atomizer

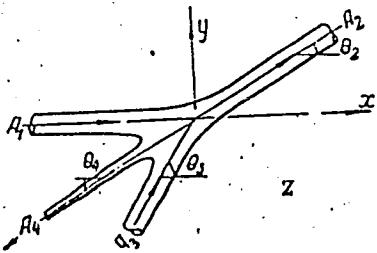


Fig. 2. Jet configuration

C... 2/3

ACC NR: AP6033647

Table 1. Calculated and experimental results

$\Delta=3 \mu\text{m}$	$P=3.5 \text{ kg/cm}^2$	$l_x=2.5; 5; 8 \mu\text{m}$
$l_p$	2,5	5,0
$\frac{a_3}{a_2}$	0,855	0,855
$\frac{a_1}{a_2}$	0,15	0,15
$\theta_{\text{teop}}^\circ$	53	57
$\theta_{\text{exch}}^\circ$	48	53
$\Delta\theta^\circ$	5	4
$\delta\theta\%$	5,2	4,9

SUB CODE: 21/ SUBM DATE: 02Mar65

Card 3/3

GUSEV, Yu. (Moskva); LOBACHEV Yu. (Kaluga); MOVCHIKOV, N. (Tambov); BERMES, N. (Baku); KUCHIS, Ye. (Vil'nyus); LAMEKIN, V. (Riga); NOGIN, S. (Sevastopol'); UL'YANENKO, N. (Murmanskaya obl.); ZEL'DIN, Ye. (Leningrad); CHIBIRYACHKO, V. (Severomorsk); SIMONOV, V. (Orel); ZHUBANOV, Ye. (Ivanovo); VOTLOKHIN, B. (Groznyy); MAKASHEV, M. (Leningrad); MAMEDOV, V. (Balashov); GORDOV, V. (Yevpatoriya); LYAMETS, V. (Severodonetsk).

Exchange of experience. Radio no. 3:2, 37, 44, 51, 53, 54, 55, 56, 58, 61  
Mr'64 (MIRA 17:7)

ACC NR: AP7002996

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/024/0098/0099

INVENTCIS: Smirnov, V. S.; Lameko, L. N.; Pogodin, N. M.; Kucherevich, O. V.;  
Bublikov, G. P.

ORG: none

TITLE: A four-stroke three-position liquid distributor. Class 47, 189654

SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 24, 1966, 98-99

TOPIC TAGS: flow distribution, liquid flow, valve, electromagnetic effect

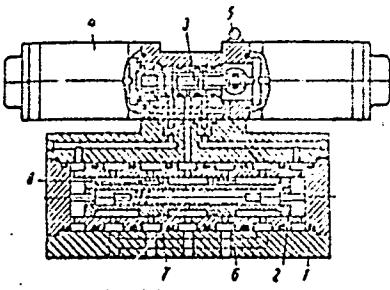
ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a four-stroke three-position liquid distributor with an electromagnetic drive. The distributor contains a casing within which are mounted a distributing and a guiding valve, two driving electromagnets of the pusher type, and a dual manual control (see Fig. 1). To prevent the working liquid from entering the openings of the acting mechanisms after it escapes through the sealing straps of the distributing valve in its neutral position, annular grooves are cut on the central sealing straps of the distributor valve. These grooves are connected through ducts in the body of the valve to the external end surfaces of the central sealing straps.

Card 1/2

UDC: 621.646.657-368

ACC NR: AP7002996

Fig. 1. 1 - casing; 2 - distributing valve;  
3 - guiding valve; 4 - electromagnet;  
5 - manual control; 6 - sealing strap;  
7 - annular groove; 8 - duct



Orig. art. has: 1 figure.

SUB CODE: 13/ SUBM DATE: 26Oct64

Card 2/2

WIECZOREK, Benedykt, dr inż.; LAVENTOWSKI, L.; GUNDLACH, W., prof. dr inż.;  
PRZYBYLSKI, R.

Abstracts of publications. Ciepl masz przepływ no.51/52:93-  
104 '64.

OLECHOWSKA-BARANSKA, Krystyna; LAMER, Eliza

Identification and determination of some flavonoids in *Tussilago farfara* flowers. *Acta pol. pharm.* 19 no.3:199-207 '62.

1. Z Katedry Farmakognozji Akademii Medycznej we Wrocławiu Kierownik:  
Katedry: prof. dr. T. Bodalski.  
(PLANTS MEDICINAL chem) (CHROMATOGRAPHY)

BODALSKI, Tadeusz; LAMER, Eliza

On presence of phellodendrosid in the leaves of *Phellodendron amurense* Ruprecht. *Acta Pol. pharm.* 22 no.3:281-284 '65.

1. Z Katedry Farmakognozji Akademii Medycznej we Wrocławiu  
(Kierownik: prof. dr. T. Bodalski).

S. Lamer

"Importance of the Work of Building Engineers and Technicians. p. 1"  
(GRANDEVINAR, Vol. 5, No. 1, Jan. 1953, Zagreb, Yugoslavia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, L.C., Vol. 2, No. 11,  
Nov. 1953, Uncl.

LAMER, S.

LAMER, S.  
Work and tasks of the regulation of roads of Croatia. p.251.

Vol. 3, No. 7, July 1955 CESTE I MOSTOVI Zagreb, Yugoslavia.

SO: Monthly List of E<sup>ast</sup> European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol.5, No.3  
March, 1956

LAMER, S.

Development and construction of highways in Yugoslavia. p. 331. CESTE I  
MOSTOVI. ZAGREB. Vol. 3, No. 9, Sept. 1955

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL), LC, Vol. 5, No. 2, Feb. 1956

LAMER, S.

Traffic and roads in the USA. (To be c ntd.) p. 385. GESTE I MOSTOVI.  
Zagreb. Vol. 3, No. 10, Oct. 1955

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL), LC, Vol. 5, No. 2, Feb. 1956

LAMER, S.

LAMER, S. Transportation and roads in the USA. (Conclusion) p. 426.

Vol. 3, no. 11, 1955

CEŠTI I MOSTOVI

Zagreb, Yugoslavia

So: Eastern European Accession Vol. 5 No. 4 April 1956

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Vol. 3, no. 12, Dec. 1955

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TECHNOLOGY

Zagreb, Yugoslavia

So: East European Accessions, Vol. 5, No. 5, May 1956

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10th International Congress in Istanbul. (Conclusion) p.9. CESTE I  
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SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL), Library of Congress  
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LAMER, S.

LAMER, S. The fifth anniversary of our periodical. p. 1

Vol. 5, no. 1, Jan. 1957  
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TECHNOLOGY  
Zagreb

So: East European Accession, Vol. 6, no. 3, March 1957

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ROZWADOWSKA-DOWZENKO, M.; LAMERS, H.

Infection with penicillin resistant staphylococci. Med.dosw.mikrob.  
2 no.2:183-184 1950. (CML 20:6)

1. Summary of the report given at 10th Congress of the Polish Micro-  
biological and Epidemiological Society held in Gdansk, Sept. 1949.  
(Warsaw.)

LAMERS, H.

ROZWADOWSKA-DOWZENKO, M.; LAMERS, H.

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tygod. lek. 6 no.18-19:613-617 7 May 1951. (CIML 21:1)

l. Of the First Clinic for Internal Diseases (Head -- Prof. A.  
Biernacki, M.D.) of Warsaw University.

LAMERS, Halina; WALASZEWSKA, Barbara

Treatment of peripheral vascular diseases with intra-arterial injections  
Polskie arch. med. wewn. 28 no.5:807-810 1958.

l. Z I Kliniki Chorob Wewnetrznych A.M. w Warszawie. Kierownik:  
prof. dr nauk med. A. Biernacki. Adres autora: Warszawa, Solec,  
Szpital Miejski, Odzial Wewnetrzny.

(VASCULAR DISEASES, PERIPHERAL, THER.  
tolazoline & other drugs, intra-arterial inject. (Pol))  
(SYMPATHOLYTICS, ther. use  
tolazoline in peripheral vasc. ids. intra-arterial inject.  
(Pol))

LAMERS, Halina; ROSZKOWSKA, Konstancja

Lowered muscle strength in hyperthyroidism. Endokr. Pol. 15 no.1:  
1-8 Ja-F '64.

1. II Klinika Chorob Wewnętrznych Studium Dokształcania Lekarzy  
w Warszawie (Kierownik: Prof. dr. E. Kuzylla) i Poradnia Endokry-  
nologiczna w Warszawie (Kierownik: dr. H. Lamers).

ROSZKOWSKA, Konstancja; LAMERS, Halina

Malignant thyroid tumors in the Endocrinological Clinic in Warsaw observed during the period of 1958-1962. Endokr. Pol. 15 no.3:275-280 My-Je '64

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LAMERS, Janina (Warszawa, Bozbrat 10/14 m.10)

SCANDINAVIAN LIBRARY

Leukocytosis and lymphocytosis in whooping cough. Pediat.  
polska 29 no.3:259-254 Mr '54.

1. Z Kliniki Chorob Zakaznych Wieku Dzieciecego Akademii  
Medycznej w Warszawie. Kierownik: prof. dr med. J. Bogdanowicz.

(WHOOPING COUGH, blood in,

\*leukocyte & lymphocyte counts)

(LEUKOCYTE COUNT, in various diseases,

\*whooping cough)

(LYMPHOCYTES,

\*count in whooping cough)

OKNINSKA, Anna; NIZNIKOWSKA-MARKS, Janina; LAMERS, Janina

Observations on congenital stridor in children. Pediat. polska  
31 no.9:969-981 Sept 56.

1. Z Kliniki Diagnostyki Chorob Dzieci A.M. w Warszawie.  
Kierownik: prof. dr. med. Z. Lejmbach, Adres: Warszawa, ul.  
Dzialdowska 1/3.  
(STRIDOR, in infant and child,  
congen. (Pol))

BIEDRZYCKA, R., dr. (Warszawa, ul. Rutkowskiego 34 m.8), LAMERS, J.;  
LACKI, M.; POMERSKA, E.

Physical development during the 1st year of life based on data from  
the consulting unit D of the Wola district in Warsaw. Pediat. polska  
33 no.6:725-735 June 58.

1. z Kliniki Propedeutyki Pediatrii A.M. w Warszawie Kierownik:  
prof. dr med. W Szenajch i z Instytutu Matki i Dziecka w Warszawie  
dyrektor: prof. dr med. Fr. Groer.  
(GROWTH, in inf. & child  
during 1st year of life in Poland, statist., (Pol))

LAMERS, Janina; BORKOWSKI, Roman; KRETOWICZ, Janusz

Clinical evaluation of children delivered with the aid of vacuum extractors. Pediat. pol. 37 no.6:611-616 Je '62. (MTPA 15:5)

1. Z II Kliniki Poloznictwa i Chorob Kobiecych AM w Warszawie  
Kierownik: prof. dr. med. I. Roszkowski.  
(DELIVERY)

KRASSOWSKI, Tadeusz; LAMERS, Janina

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34 no. 3:401-405 '63.

1. z II Kliniki Chorob Kobiecych i Poloznictwa AM w Warszawie  
Kierownik: prof. dr med. I. Roszkowski.  
(ASPHYXIA NEONATORUM) (RESUSCITATION)

RECHENBERG, Trepca; TIRANA, Tirana; LIPSTIC, Panjica; RECHENBERG, Trepcë; TIRANA, Tirana; LIPSTIC, Panjica

protection to a single relationship, but not to all relationships, and thus it may be argued that the new legislation does not go far enough.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000928510008-8"

LAMFALUSSY, S.

Supply of raw material of our wood industry and lumbering. p. 68.  
FAIPAR (Faipari Todomanyos Egyesulet) Budapest. Vol 6, no. 3, Mar 1956.

SOURCE: EEAL, Vol 5, no. 7, July 1956.

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AZ ERDO. (Orszagos Erdeszeti Egyesulet) Budapest, Hungary.  
Vol. 11, no. 8, Sept. 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accession (EEAI) Vol. 11, no. 8, Sept. 1959.  
12 Dec.

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Usability of oak with special regard to the production of  
beer barrel staves. Faipar 11 no.12:353-356 D '59.

LAMFALUSSY, Sandor, nyugalmazott egyetemi tanar (Sopron)

Remark about the question of the maximum output of lumbering.  
Erdo 13 no.11:528-530 N '64.

LAMI, D. [Lami, Gy.]

Data on separating dextran from urine. Acta veter Hung 14 no. 2:  
151-159 '64.

Present level of blood plasma substitutes. Pt. 1. Ibid.:227-237

1. Kafedra i klinika vnutrennikh nezaraznykh bolezney (dir.:  
akad. Ya. Mochi [Mocsy, J.]) Veterinarnogo instituta, Budapest.

LAMI, D'. [Lami, Gy.]

On the level of modern blood plasma substitutes. Acta veter  
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l. Kafedra i klinika vnutrennykh nezaraznykh bolezney  
(dir.: akad. Ya.Mochi [Mocsy, J.]) Veterinarnogo instituta,  
Budapest.

LAMI, D<sup>r</sup> [Lami, Gy.]

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(zav.: akad. Ya. Mochi) Veterinarnogo Instituta, Budapest.